Policy 210 Freedom to View (ALA)

Purpose To state the ALA’s position on patrons’ freedom to view

The Freedom to View, along with the freedom to speak, to hear, and to read, is protected by the First Amendment to the Constitution of the United States. In a free society, there is no place for censorship of any medium of expression. Therefore, these principles are affirmed.

1. To provide the broadest possible access to film, video, and other audiovisual materials because they are a means for the communication of ideas. Liberty of circulation is essential to insure the constitutional guarantee of freedom of expression.

2. To protect the confidentiality of all individuals and institutions using film, video, and other audiovisual materials.

3. To provide film, video, and other audiovisual materials which represent a diversity of views and expression. Selection of a work does not constitute or imply agreement with or approval of content.

4. To provide a diversity of viewpoints without the constraint of labeling or prejudging film, video, and other audiovisual materials on the basis or the moral, religious, or political beliefs of the producer or filmmaker or on the basis of controversial content.

5. To contest vigorously, by all lawful means, every encroachment upon the public’s freedom to view.

Revision History
Endorsed April 14, 1998 by the Board of Trustees, to the extent that the Freedom to View tenets do not conflict with any approved policy of the Highland Park Public Library.
Reformatted without change May 1, 2014
Approved with no revisions May 9, 2017
Approved with no revisions November 8, 2022